

CHINA NOW China on the Move

July 26 & 27, 2019



In Partnership with the San Mateo County Office of Education





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JoinJade and Jade Ribbon Campaign to Eliminate Hepatitis B and Liver Cancer

Samuel So, MD, FACS
Professor of Surgery
Lui Hac Minh Professor
Founder and Director, Asian Liver Center
Stanford University School of Medicine





257,000,000

people worldwide living with chronic hepatitis B

887,000

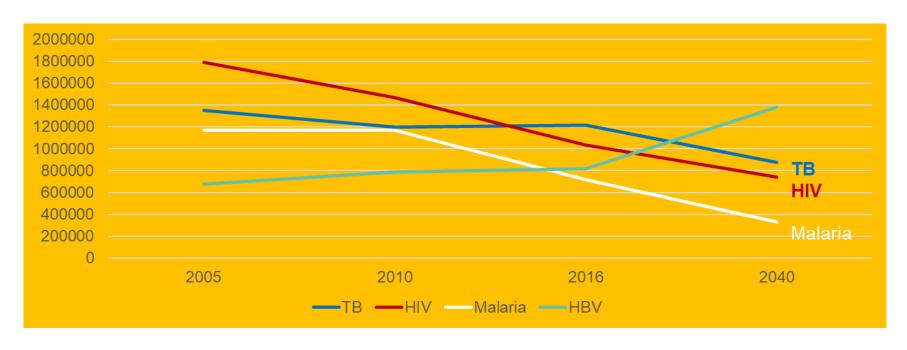
died in 2015 largely from undiagnosed/untreated infection



WHO, Global Hepatitis Report, 2017



Hepatitis B Deaths will soon Surpass HIV/AIDS

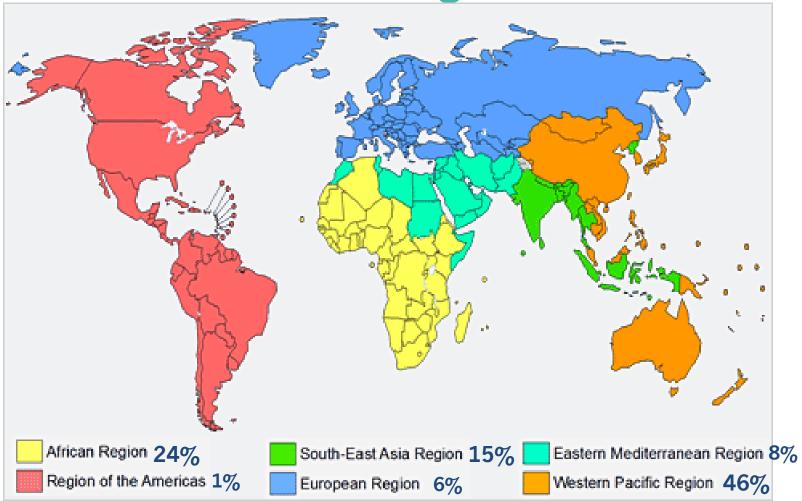


Lancet 2018; 392: 1736–88; Lancet 2018; 392: 2052–90 V Lancet 2012, 380,(9859); 2095-2128 (adapted from the Task Force fro Global Health)





Burden of Chronic Hepatitis B by WHO Regions



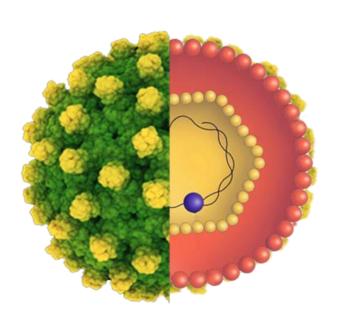




What is Hepatitis B?

Hepatitis B Virus (HBV)



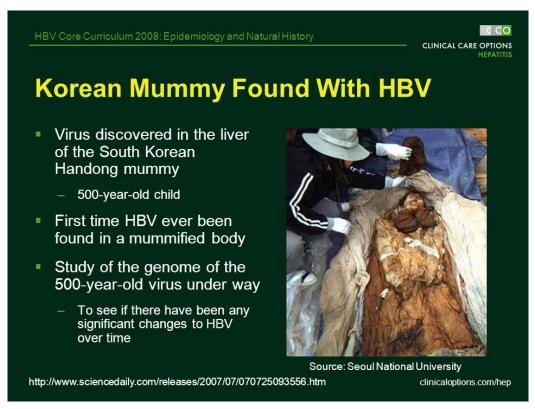








Oldest Viral Infection in Man?







Patterson R et al (2018). PLOS Pathogens 14(1): e1006750





Transmission Routes of HBV







Birth **Blood** Infected mother to newborn (common in Asia)

Sex Unprotected sex

WHO hepatitis B fact sheet, 2017





Hepatitis B is not transmitted by food or casual contact



Sharing food or drinks



Shaking Hands



Kissing



Sneezing





MODULE

Types of Viral
Hepatitis and
Transmission Routes,
Hepatitis B Facts,
Diagnosis, and
Immunization

Types of Viral Hepatitis

A

food and water

B

Birth

Blood Unprotected sex C

Birth
Blood
Unprotected
sex

D

Birth
Blood
Unprotected
sex

Е

food and water



Preventable with hepatitis A vaccine

liver cancer cirrhosis

Mother to child transmission is the most common cause of chronic infection.

Preventable with hepatitis B vaccine

liver cancer cirrhosis

Transmission through blood is the most common route.

No vaccine available

liver cancer cirrhosis

Infection only occurs if patient is infected with hepatitis B.

Preventable with hepatitis B vaccine

May cause severe liver damage or death, but does not cause cirrhosis or liver cancer.

Vaccine available





Chronic Hepatitis B is a Silent Killer

- Most people are not aware they are infected because their doctors have not tested them
- Most have no symptoms, and blood tests for liver enzymes are often normal
- Increases the risk for liver cancer 100x
- Left undiagnosed and monitored for treatment, 1 in 4 will die of liver cancer or liver disease



Lin SY, Chang ET, So S. Hepatology 46:1034-1040, 2007





Eliminating Chronic Hepatitis B as a Public Health Problem is Feasible

- Ending transmission
 - Hepatitis B vaccine
 - Safe injection and blood banking
- Reducing morbidity and mortality from cirrhosis and liver cancer
 - Antiviral treatment
 - Liver cancer screening
- Eliminating disease stigma

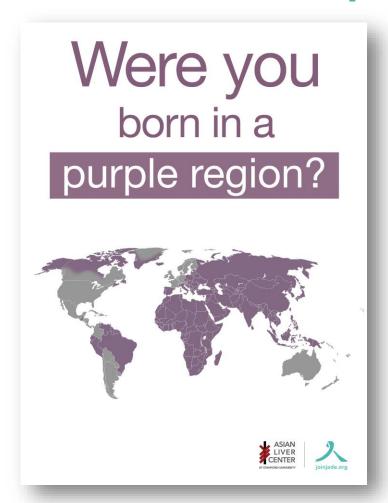


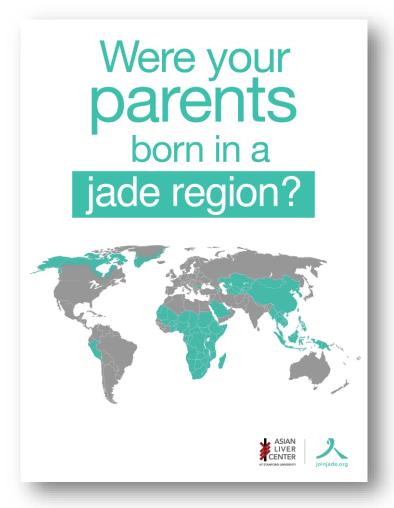
Public Health Impact of Chronic Hepatitis B in the U.S.

	Estimated Number of People with chronic hepatitis B in the U.S. in 2015	Estimated Number of New chronic viral hepatitis Cases per year
Hepatitis B	1.3 million (870,000 or 66% are unaware of their infection)	25,000 (95% imported through migration, about 3.5% from perinatal transmission)

A national strategy for the elimination of hepatitis B and C: Phase two report. Washington, DC: The National Academies Press. 2017.

Who should be Screened for Chronic Hepatitis B









Chronic HBV Infection is Among the Greatest Racial/Ethnic Health Disparities in the U.S.

Adult Racial/Ethnic Population	Prevalence of Chronic HBV Infection
Asian and Pacific Islander (foreign born)	1 in 12
Asian and Pacific Islander (US born)	1 in 70
African American (US and foreign born)	1 in 200
Hispanic (US and foreign born)	1 in 1,100
White (US and foreign born)	1 in 800

APIs make up 6% of the U.S. population, but over **60%** of those in the U.S. with chronic HBV infection.

Source: CDC draft ACIP recommendations, 2005





10 Most Common Causes of Death from Cancer in API Men in the US

- 1. Lung and bronchus
- 2. Liver
- 3. Colon and rectum
- 4. Prostate
- 5. Stomach
- 6. Pancreas
- 7. Non-Hodgkin lymphoma
- 8. Leukemia
- 9. Esophagus
- 10. Brain

San Francisco and Santa Clara are among the counties With the highest incidence of liver cancer in the country

Source: US Cancer Statistics: 2013 Incidence and Mortality Web-based Report. Available at nccd.cdc.gov/uscs





Asians were dying from liver cancer/cirrhosis due to chronic HBV infection from lack of awareness and gaps in national policies



Asians

- Don't know about the seriousness of hepatitis B
- Were not tested
- Were not vaccinated

Doctors

- Did not screen or know how to screen for chronic HBV
- Don't know how to care for infected patients
- Don't screen the infected for HCC





In 1996, there was no comprehensive national strategy to prevent, screen and treat chronic HBV

- No hepatitis B screening recommendation for API (except if pregnant)
- Adult hepatitis B vaccination was not covered unless you fall into the high risk groups (e.g. healthcare workers, PWID)
- No national/state/county health agencies recognized chronic HBV infection and liver cancer in API as a health disparity
- No funding to address chronic HBV or liver cancer
- No national or global elimination initiative





Asian Liver Center at Stanford University

- Founded in 1996
- To address the disproportionately high prevalence of chronic HV and liver cancer in Asians and Asian Americans and the gaps in hepatitis B and liver cancer awareness, research and national policies
 - C collaboration & partnership
 - A evidence based <u>a</u>dvocacy
 - R research
 - E education & training
- Goal: Global elimination of hepatitis B, and reduce the burden of liver cancer worldwide

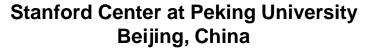
liver.stanford.edu





Asian Liver Center at Stanford University

CJ Huang Building 780 Welch Rd, Palo Alto, CA











Jade Ribbon/JOINJADE Campaign Launched in 2000



Raise Awareness and Unite People Worldwide to End Hepatitis B and Liver Cancer



Jade Ribbon/JoinJade

- A culturally and linguistically appropriate hepatitis B and liver cancer awareness campaign
- Five Key Messages
 - Get informed (1 in 12 Asians have hepatitis B, 2 out of 3 are not aware of their infection)
 - Get tested
 - Get vaccinated if unprotected
 - Get care and treatment, and screen for liver cancer if chronically infected
 - Wear jade or the jade ribbon, tell your friends and family, and support those living with chronic hepatitis B and liver cancer

Chao S, So S, J Commun Healthcare 2011





JR: Community Outreach to Increase Hepatitis B Awareness, Screening, Vaccination, Care, and Treatment





TAKE THIS CARD TO YOUR DOCTOR

- I want to get tested for hepatitis B
- I want to get the hepatitis B vaccine Adult 3 dose vaccine (CPT: 90746)

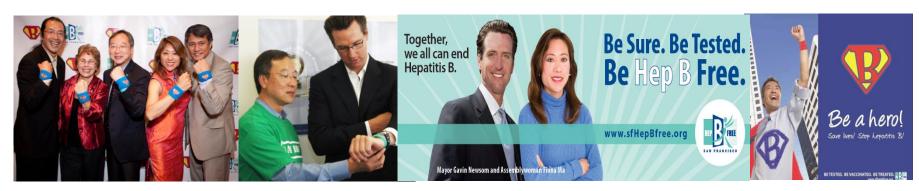
Eligible as free preventive services with no out-of-pocket charge under Medicare & ACA

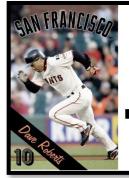
https://healthcare.gov/preventive-care-benefits





JR: Partner with Cities and Counties to Launch Hep B Free Campaigns (since 2007)





Did you know?

• Hepatitis B (HBV) is the most common serious liver infection and the major cause of liver cancer worldwide

• It is sometimes called the "silent killer" because

How do people get HBV?

The same way people get HIV - From an infected mother at birth, blood, sex
HEV is NOT transmitted through food and water
Early Detection is Key

 GET TESTED... it you, or your parents, come from Asia or the Pacific Islands
 It is a simple blood test. Ask your doctor
 GET VACCINATED... a series of 3 shots given over 6 months can protect you for life

B SURE • B TESTED • B

For more information:

www.sfhepbfree.org 1.888.311.3331











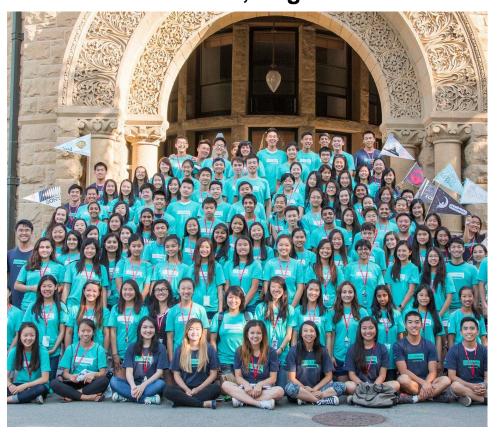
Ask your dector to lest you for benetitis B





JR: Inspire Youths to Become Leaders and **Hepatitis B Ambassadors**

13th ALC Annual Youth Leadership Conference, Aug 2015



Team HBV High School Chapters

Amador Valley Ann Sobrato Arcadia **Archbishop Mitty** Bellaire Bellarmine College Prep Lick-Wilmerding Burlingame California **Carnegie Vanguard** Castilleja **Castro Valley** Chapel Hill **Davis Senior Dougherty Valley** Dublin Solsom Foothill Gunn

Homestead Independence Irvine Leland James Logan Lowell Lvnbrook Los Altos Los Gatos Maria Carrillo Menlo-Atherton **Mission San Jose University** Mills Milpitas Mira Loma **Mountain View** Neuvo

Oxford Academy Palo Alto **Piedmont Hills** Redmond San Francisco University San Leandro San Mateo Saratoga **Stanford Online** The Harker **Quarry Lane Troy** Upland **Valley Christian** Western Sierra **Woodside Priory**



Brighham Young, Brown, Cornell, DeAnza, Harvard, MIT, New York City, Northwestern, Rutgers, Stanford, Stony Brook, U Chicago, U Nevada, UC Berkeley, UC Davis, UCLA, UC Riverside, UC San Diego, U Pacific, Wingate.





ALC Spearheads Initiatives to Improve Hepatitis B Prevention and Control Policies in the U.S.

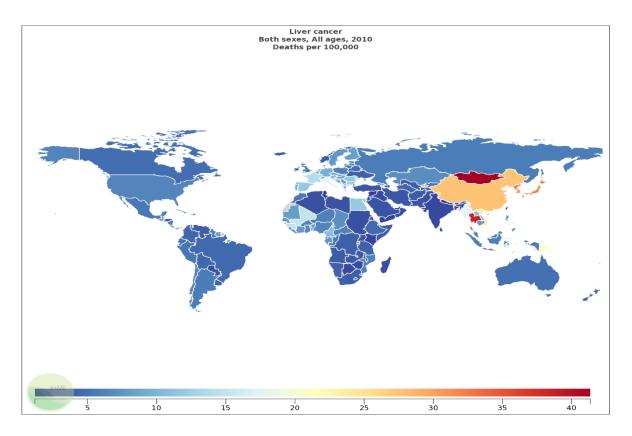
- 2008, OMH recognized chronic HBV infection in API as a serious neglected national health disparity
- 2010, Institute of Medicine Report on a national strategy on prevention and control of hepatitis
- 2011, DHHS released the first ever national action plan for prevention, care and treatment of viral hepatitis
- 2014, USPSTP recommends hepatitis B screening of foreign born
- 2015-16, ACA and Medicare covers hepatitis B screening of foreign born and adult hepatitis B vaccination
- 2016-17, **National Academies Reports** on Eliminating the Public Health Problem of Hepatitis B and C in the U.S.







Burden of Liver Cancer and Chronic HBV in China



China accounts for 54% of the 728,000 liver cancer deaths and a third of those living with chronic HBV infection in the world in 2010

Globocan 2008, globocan.iarc.fr 2010 Global Burden of Disease





Why Eliminating Hepatitis B and Liver Cancer should be a National Priority in China

National Conference on the Prevention and Control of Viral Hepatitis in China Hangzhou, China April 26-29, 2004







Advocated China to Adopt a Comprehensive National Hepatitis B Elimination Strategy

Ending transmission

- Hepatitis B vaccine (newborns, children and adults)
- Screening all pregnant women
- Safe injection and transfusion practices
- Reducing morbidity and mortality from cirrhosis and liver cancer
 - Affordable antiviral treatment
 - Monitoring and liver cancer screening for early detection
- Eliminating disease stigma and discrimination
 - Introduce and enforce laws to ban discrimination
- National awareness and education campaign





Partnered with the China Foundation for Hepatitis Prevention and Control and CDC







Traveled across China to conduct Hepatitis B and Liver Cancer Educational Seminars and Workshops

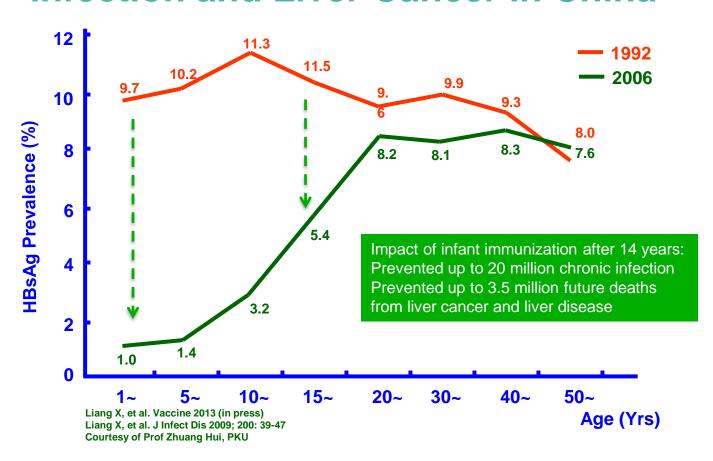
(National CDC meetings, provincial CDC staff, Medical schools, colleges)





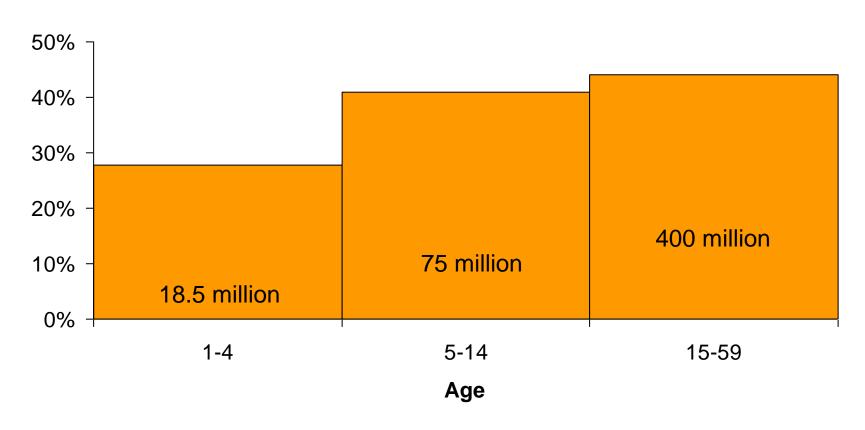


Infant Hepatitis B Immunization Reduced the Future Burden of Chronic Hepatitis B infection and Liver Cancer in China



Estimated Fraction of Chinese Population susceptible to Hepatitis B Infection in 2006

Fraction Susceptible



Based on 2006 National Hepatitis Survey, Chinese Ministry of Health, June 2008 http://www.gov.cn/xwfb/2008-04/21/content_950425.htm





Raised Funds for Hepatitis B Education and Free Vaccination for 100,000 Children in China, 2005-2006















Launched Largest, Free Catch-Up Vaccination and **Education Program in China**





认识乙肝和肝癌

导致肝病, 肝癌甚至死亡

在我国, 乙肝问题比艾滋 病严重。每年有三十五至 五十万人死于乙肝感染引 发的肝病或肝癌。

乙肝疫苗被世界卫 生组织称为第一种 "抗癌疫苗"

大多数的肝癌是由乙肝病 毒引起, 因此, 防乙肝病 毒感染也就等于防肝癌。

按时完成三针乙肝 疫苗保护你和 宝宝的一生

乙肝疫苗安全又有效, 只 要没受到乙肝感染的人打 上这三针,就一辈子不怕 受乙肝病毒感染。

乙肝携带者母亲要记住在 宝宝出生后24小时内立即 接受第一针乙肝疫苗注射





- 针头, 针筒或针灸 来进行注射或治疗 也不要用它来纹
- 不要共用容易染血的 物品如牙刷或剃须 • 不要随便接触别人的
- 血液或伤口。 • 不要在没有带避孕套 情况下发生婚外性
- 不会感染上乙肝

不要担心与乙肝携带者 要歧视他们。经证明, 乙肝病毒不会通过以下

- 起饮食或共用餐具
- 不会经打喷嚏, 拥抱 ,握手,接吻等传









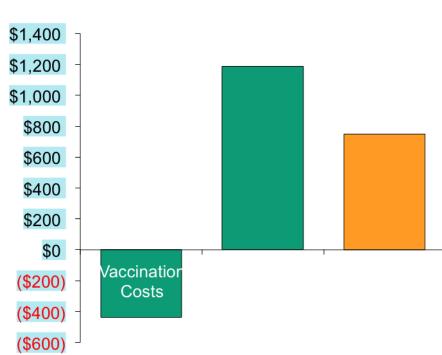
- Private -Public Partnership [ALC, China CDC, CFHPC, Qinghai gov, Zeshan Foundation (HK), Ping & Amy Chao Foundation (US)
- Provide education and free Hep B vaccination for all children in kindergarten and grade schools
- 2006-07: 56,000 children
- 2007-08: scaled up to over 500,000 children in the whole province
- 2,200 schools
- 99.4% 3-shot completion rate

Chen J et al. Int J Public Health, 2011





Qinghai Catch-up Vaccination Program and Cost Effectiveness Analysis Convinced the Chinese Government to Scale up the Program Nationwide



Hutton, So, Brandeau. Hepatology, 2009

- Vaccinating the estimated 150 million unprotected children 1-19 yrs of age
 - Prevent 8.2 million new infection, 390,000 from developing chronic infection, and 65,000 deaths
 - 840 million US dollars (5.7 billion RMB) in potential savings
 - 2009: China announced nationwide free catch-up vaccination program for children under 16 years of age



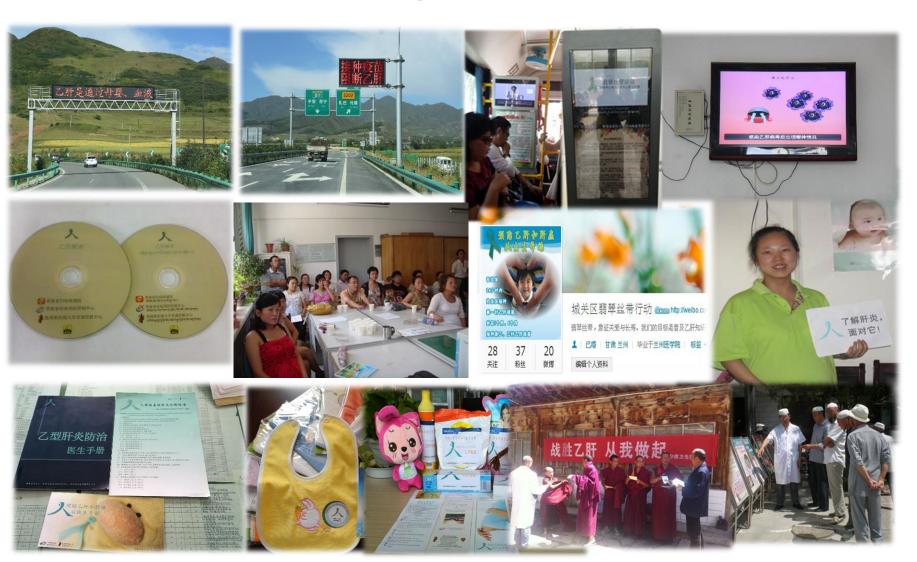
Eliminate Hepatitis B Mother-to-Child Transmission Project in Gansu and Qinghai Provinces, 2016-2018

(Healthcare Provider Training and Pregnant Women Education)





Increase Public and Pregnant Women HBV Awareness







Advocacy to Eliminate Hepatitis B Discrimination



Xianzhu Zhang: first person in China to sue the government for hepatitis B job discrimination. Anhui province, China 2003

- Submitted letter to the court in 2003 about hepatitis B facts and hepatitis B status should not be used in job discrimination
- Submitted letter in 2004 to mayor of Suzhou and Suzhou CDC to reverse discriminatory hiring practices. Suzhou became the first city in China to ban hepatitis B discriminatory hiring practices in China

Advocate for laws to ban hepatitis B discrimination

- Opportunity came in 2009:
 when Chinese government
 proposed a new law to ban
 hepatitis B testing for
 admission to kindergarten that
 was open to public comment
- ALC and WHO advocated to the government for the law to be expanded to ban discrimination in all schools and workplace

- New law introduced in 2010
 - Eliminate hepatitis B testing requirement for school entry and annual check up
 - Educational institutions cannot use chronic hepatitis B infection as the reason for refusal for admission or dismissal
 - Employers cannot deny employment or terminate employment based on chronic hepatitis B status
 - Hepatitis B testing results must be kept confidential and cannot be shared with employers or others































































39 large multinational companies in the US and China JoinJade: committed to inclusive workplaces and saving lives!

Contact at ALC: Mie-na Srein





Engage Celebrities in Public Awareness Campaigns to Dispel HBV Misconceptions and Stigma

Beijing International Airport Nov-Dec 2014, Beijing Subway Feb-Mar, 2016

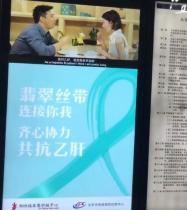


















Motivate University Students in China to Educate the Community about Hepatitis B



8th round of funding:

Duration: 2017.11-2018.4

- Supported 7 teams from 7 universities.
- 6 cities in 6 province
- Onsite activities & online promotion
- Reached 30000+ people





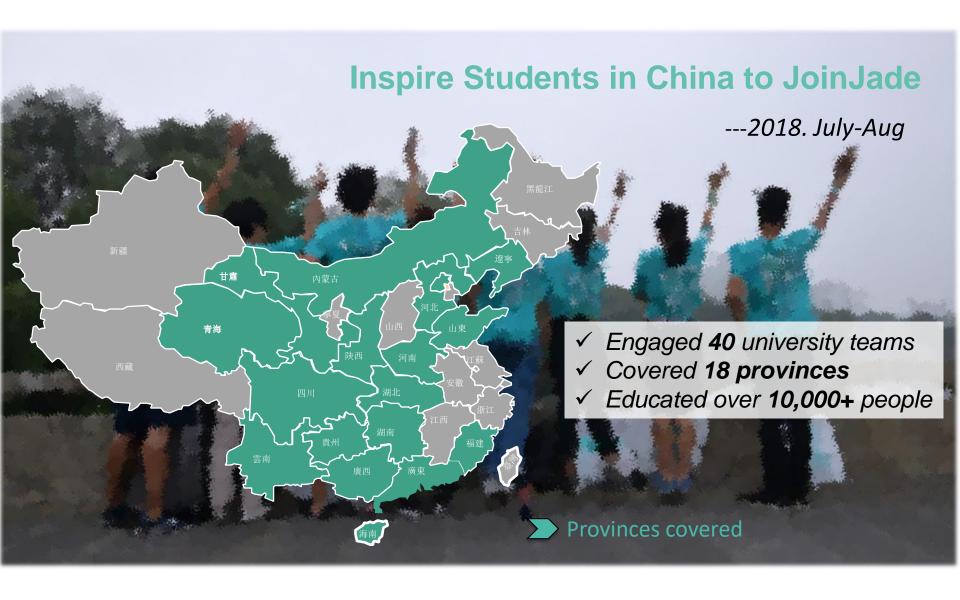
World Hepatitis Day JoinJade Campaigns # Stop Hepatitis B, OK for Life #, July-Aug 2016

- Partners included WHO, China CDC, Beijing CDC
- Reached 90 million people including 69 million on Weibo
- 8,699 video displays on trains and 168 Beijing subway stations













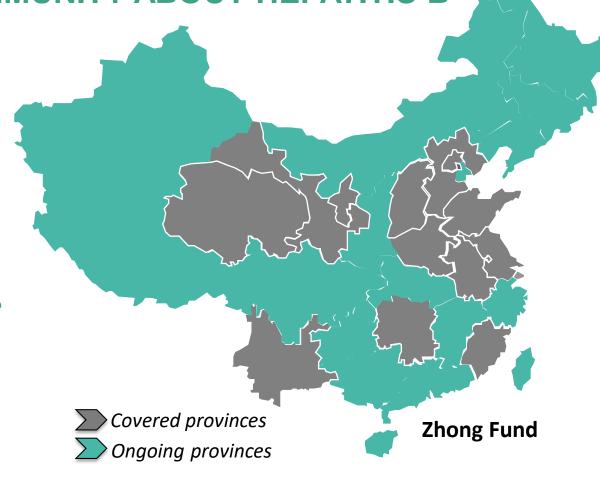
INSPIRE NON-GOVERNMENTAL ORGANIZATIONS TO EDUCATE THE COMMUNITY ABOUT HEPATITIS B

✓ *July-Aug*, 2018.

✓ Covered 19 Provinces

29 Cities

- ✓ Reached 30,000+ People
- ✓ 44 NGOS





WHO Technical Consultation on a Comprehensive National Hepatitis Programme in China with a Focus on Viral Hepatitis B and C Treatment. Feb 21, 2014, Beijing







Provided Cost Effectiveness Data to Encourage China to Implement a National Treatment Program

- A major concern for Chinese policy makers in launching a national treatment program is antiviral drug cost
- Conducted a cost-effectiveness study intended for policy makers to show at what drug procurement price would a national treatment program be cost saving, highly cost effective or cost effective



PLoS one 10:e 0139876, 2015

RESEARCH ARTICLE

Cost-Effectiveness and Cost Thresholds of Generic and Brand Drugs in a National Chronic Hepatitis B Treatment Program in China

Mehlika Toy1*, David W. Hutton2, Samuel K. So1

1 Asian Liver Center, Department of Surgery, Stanford University School of Medicine, Stanford, CA, 94305, United States of America, 2 Department of Health Management and Policy, University of Michigan, Ann Arbor, MI, 48109, United States of America.

 ALC was congratulated by WHO in 2016, when China successfully negotiated with GSK to reduce tenofovir pricing by 67% - which in our study is considered highly cost effective





ALC is committed in collaborating with WHO and countries in Asia to Eliminate Viral Hepatitis as a Public Health Problem by 2030







Developed Online Training: to Increase the Capacity of the National Health System in Hepatitis Prevention and Control

Stanford University



ABOUT

REGISTER



Know HBV And HCV (English, Vietnamese, Mongolian & Chinese)

PLEASE SELECT ONE OF THE COURSES BELOW.

VUI LÒNG CHỌN MỘT TRONG CÁC KHÓA HỌC DƯỚI ĐÂY.

ДООРХ КУРСЫН НЭГИЙГ СОНГОНО УУ.

请在以下课程中选择一门





Eliminating Hepatitis B and Reducing the Burden of Liver Cancer in China is Not a Dream 彻底消除乙肝传播,减轻中国肝癌负担是可行的





SCIENCE-Health



彻底消除乙肝不是梦

——专访美国斯坦福大学亚裔肝脏中心执行主任苏启深教授







